Geography Medium Term Plan – South America NC POS:

locate the world's countries using maps to focus on South America, concentrating on the environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics and major cities, understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of the region of South America

Core knowledge:

Space, Place and scale

- •revisit what a continent is
- •identify and name where South America is on a world map
- •identify and name South American countries and territories 12 countries and 2 separate territories

Human and Physical process

- •identify and explain the different environmental regions in South America
- •Describe and understand the key aspects of physical geography, including: biomes and vegetation belts, rivers and mountains
- explain the key human and physical characteristics of South America (focus study on brazil)
- Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones.
- •Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of the climate and environmental regions in Brazil. Compare the climate of Brazil with that of the UK.
- Locate the Amazon rainforest using maps and focus key physical and human characteristics
- •Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of the Amazon rainforest

Interconnections

•Locate the major cities and environmental regions of Brazil. Concentrate on key physical and human characteristics as they relate to urbanisation. Interconnections between

Cultural awareness and diversity

Research the Amazon rainforest and Awa tribe or alternatively Inca

Environmental impact and sustainability

- •types of settlement and land use, services, economic activity, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water. sustainability
- Examining human and physical push and pull factors related to urbanisation and impact

Vocabulary

Biodiversity, Canopy, deforestation, urbanisation, sustainability, growth

Wider influences:

- language
- •food
- •culture
- •famous landmarks

Enduring understanding:

•the continent of South America has is one of the most bio diverse places in the world

Working geographically:

- Use climate data to create climate graphs for a range of environmental regions in Brazil. Using the climate data and graphs, compare Brazil's climate with the UK.
- •use maps, atlases, globes to locate countries and describe features studies within South America
- ••use eight points on compass to describe the location of one South American country to another
- •use six figure grid references to locate specific places within a South American country

South America is extremely biodiverse. Discuss and create a Lonely planet guide

South America is not impacted by climate change. Discuss