<u>Context:</u> Force is a strength or energy as an element of physical action or movement <u>P.O.S –</u> Forces and magnets

Concept – physics (energy transfer and forces) Energy makes things happen and can be transferred from one object to another.

Facts		Vocabulary
1. a)	Objects on different surfaces: Friction is the contact force between two	 Magnet - from Latin magnes, magnet-, from Greek magnēs lithos 'lodestone',
	objects moving against each other; the kind of surface that objects have affects how objects move against each other.	
	Gravity is the force that pulls objects down slopes or makes them fall.	
	A force can slow down or speed up an object.	
2.	Forces: a) Some forces need contact between two objects but magnetic forces can act at a distance	Different types of magnets with two poles:
3.	Magnets and their force:	
a)	A magnet is a material or object that produces a magnetic field.	
b)	A magnetic field is invisible but is responsible for the property of a magnet	
c)	A force that pulls on other magnetic materials, such as iron, and attracts or repels other magnets.	
4.	Metals:	
a)	All magnetic materials are metal but not all metals are magnetic	
5.	Metals that are magnetic:	ATTRACTION
a)	Iron	
,	Cobalt	
c)	nickel	
d)	Steel	REPULSION
6.	Magnets have two poles:	
a)		
	South	
c)	North and South attract -the force by which	S N E E N S
	one object attracts another.	
d)	North and North repel	
e) Websites	South and South repel	
https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/topics/zyttyrd		
https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/clips/zk9rkqt		