Materials Unit 1

Prior Learning: A material is the matter from which a thing is or can be made

P.O.S – Materials

Concept – physics energy transfer and forces

Facts		Vocabulary
1.	Objects:	Object - medieval Latin objectum
	a) are things we can see or touch	'thing presented to the mind',
	b) can be made from one or more materials	2. Graphite - from Greek graphein
2.	Definition of a material:	'write' Everyday materials:
۷.	a) the matter from which a thing is or can be made from	Everyddy materiais.
	Natural everyday materials:	
a)	A natural material is any product or physical matter that	wood
1-1	comes from plants, animals, or the ground.	
b)	water, wood, rock, cotton, iron, oil, leather	cotton
4.	Man-made everyday materials:	
a)	Man-made materials are materials that have been produced	
	by man	
b)	plastic, metal, glass, brick, paper, fabric, foil	
5.	Physical properties of everyday materials:	
a)	transparent – allows light through	
b)	opaque - blocks light	
c)	rigid/stiff – not flexible	card
d)	soft – not hard or firm	fabric
e)	smooth- no roughness, lumps or holes	TARAH TANGTU GAN
f)	rough- uneven and not smooth	W.SA.ED SASSE, W.SA.ED LOCAL DE GORAGO.
g)	shiny- objects are bright and reflect light	
h)	dull – a colour that is not too bright	
i)	flexible/bendy – bends easily into a curved shape	
j)	waterproof - does not let water pass through it	
k)	absorbent – able to soak up liquid easily elastic/stretchy	Transparent objects allow Transparent objects any opaque objects do not all of the light to pass allow some light to pass allow are light to pass.
l) Websit		of of the light to pass through them. This means through them. This means through them. This means through them. This means that we can clearly see that we can clearly see that we can partially see through them. Through them.
https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/topics/zrssgk7		
		1