## Animals including humans Unit 2

<u>Context:</u> animals have a system within their bodies which transfers nutrients from food into energy which enables the body to function

Concept: cell, energy transfer (the body gets energy from the food it eats)

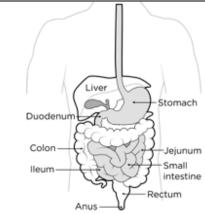
## **Facts** 1. Digestive system: a) Digestion is the breakdown of food into small particles, which are then absorbed into the body. 2. The function of the digestive system is digestion and absorption. Part and what role it plays: a) Mouth and teeth – where the digestion starts, breaks down food by chewing b) Salivary glands – produces saliva and lubricates the food so it can go down the oesophagus c) Oesophagus - muscular tube that moves food to the stomach d) Stomach – breaks down the food more and produces acid e) Pancreas - makes hormones (including insulin) to regulate the blood glucose level. It also makes enzymes that break down food in the intestines. Liver – stores energy and helps get rid of toxins g) Gallbladder – stores bile and releases it to help digest fats h) Small intestine – absorbs nutrients and minerals from Large intestine – absorbs water from food Rectum – stores stool until it leaves the body j) k) Anus – where stool leaves the body 4. Types of human teeth and their functions: a) Incisors - bite off and chew pieces of food. b) Canines - tearing and ripping food. c) Molars - crush and grind food. d) Carnivores and omnivores have the same types of teeth as humans e) Herbivores have molars and incisors 5. Food chains:

a) Animals are called consumers because they eat plants and

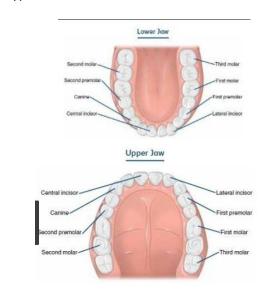
other animals. They do not make their own food.
b) Animals that eat other animals are called predators.

## Vocabulary

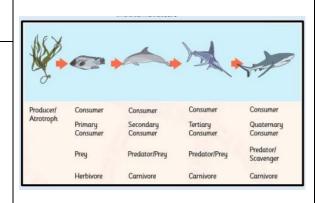
 Digest - from Latin digest- 'distributed, dissolved, digested', from the verb digerere, from di- 'apart' + gerere 'carry';



Types of teeth



Food chain



## Youtube:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Og5xAdC8EUI

c) The animals they eat are called prey.